Key Amendments to Section 9 - Transactions

Par	Text	Rationale
	Note: Paragraph references refer to the current Requirements, unless otherwise stated	
1	Scope of Section	Reduced significantly to deal with core purpose of the Section only. As per definitions, the Scope of Section does not form part of the Listings Requirements.
2	New Definition: Reverse Takeovers	Reverse takeovers were defined as part of categorisation classifications, which appears out of place. Moved out of Section 9 and now included as a definition.
		Noved out of Section 5 and now included as a definition.
3	Consistency timing of categorisation and terms announcements Timing of categorisation and terms	Different wording was used as regards timing of categorisation and terms announcements, which have now been clarified:
	announcements have been clarified.	Categorisation: Before the announcement of terms
	Categorisation referred to "prior to the transaction" and "at the time terms of the transaction are announced".	 Announcement: As soon as possible after terms have been agreed.
	Cat 1 and 2 announcements referred to "after" and "upon" terms being agreed.	
4	Paragraph 9.1(b)	Categorisation of options should are simplified, as follows:
	Categorisation of options	 Not at issuer's discretion – categorise at time of transaction, as if exercised.
	Text removed - confusing:	
	"However, in such instance, the categorisation upon exercise will be required to be no less onerous than the classification determined at the date of grant"	 Issuer's discretion – must categorise at time or exercise. Only premium/consideration for option - categorise at time of transaction.
5	Ordinary course of business	The proposed amendment supports consistency in
	Paragraph 9.1(d)(i)	application.
	Currently, the ordinary course of business threshold is linked to 30%, equalling a category 1 transaction threshold where shareholders' approval is required.	
	Considering public comments, it is proposed	

	to link the ordinary course of business	
	threshold for main board issuers in the general segment and AltX issuers, to the category 1	
	thresholds for those issuers, being 50%.	
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7	Paragraph 9.7(c)	The provision does not add any regulatory value. Sphere of
		activity should have no impact on categorisation.
	Percentage ratios	
	Text removed:	
	"the categorisation calculations are	
	inappropriate to the sphere of activity of the	
	issuer"	
8	Paragraph 9.12	Rely on reverse takeover provisions.
		ner, en receive ancerer promotens
	Aggregation	
	Text removed:	
	Text removed.	
	"Where acquisitions are entered into during a	
	period of 12 months that cumulatively exceed	
	100% of either of the percentage ratios, the	
	provisions relating to a reverse take-over will	
	apply."	
9	Paragraph 9.22	The JSE support transparency in relation to benefits
		awarded to existing directors resulting from a transaction.
	Category 1 requirements	
	The JSE is proposing enhanced disclosure in	
	relation to the disclosure of service contract to	
	any proposed directors as a result of the	
	transaction, to also require disclosure of any	
	amendments to service contracts and	
	remuneration of existing directors, as a result of the transaction.	
	of the transaction.	
10	Paragraph 9.22	Covered under Section 6, paragraph 6.19(h).
	DIC and share increase	
	PLS and share issuance	
	Text removed:	
	"In addition, if the Category 1 transaction	
	results in an issue of securities that, together	
	with any other securities of the same class	
	issued during the previous 3 months, would	
	linerages the convities issued by more than	1
	increase the securities issued by more than	
	50%, then the issuer must include in the Category 1 circular the information required to	

	be disclosed for a pre-listing statement. :	
11		Soo now definition of reverse takeover being treated as
11	Paragraph 9.23	See new definition of reverse takeover, being treated as a new listing.
	Shareholders' approval of Category 1 resulting from aggregation	
	Text removed:	
	"The issuer, as enlarged by the acquisition, must be suitable for listing as if it was a new applicant and must satisfy the conditions for listing as set out in Section 4.	
12	Cash Company	It is more appropriate to deal with cash companies under
	Text added:	transactions, as a disposal transaction will lead to a company being classified as a cash company.
	Paragraph 3.26	The periods have been extended to afford the issuer and shareholders more time to engage on the future prospects
	The provisions dealing with cash companies of the issuer and	of the issuer and to potentially seek opportunities in the market to remain listed.
	New paragraph 9.12	
	The periods for suspension and removal of listing have been extended, from six to twelve (acquisition) and three months to six months (removal).	
13	Paragraph 9.31	The JSE need only be provided with the Panel approval.
	Text removed	
	"A copy of all draft documentation that is sent to the Panel for approval must be submitted to the JSE, together with a letter confirming that the relevant documentation has been submitted to the Panel."	
14	Restrictive funding transactions	Restrictive funding arrangements have no bearing on transactions. It only has related party and disclosure
	Previous paragraph 9.25	implications.
	Removed restrictive funding arrangements from Section 9, as it is merely a disclosure item in terms of the new Section 10 and has related party implications in terms of the new Section 9.	

15 Supplementary notifications

New paragraph 9.22

The current provisions of supplementary notifications only deal with the scenario when there is a shareholders' meeting. A new provision has been included to afford clarity on the treatment of a category 2 announcement, where no shareholders' approval is required.

It should be noted that there was a different test to trigger a supplementary notification in Section 9, supplementary circular in Section 11 and supplementary PLS in Section 6.

Section 9 and 11 referred to a "significant change", whereas Section 6 referred to a "material change".

The test has been harmonised as a "material change" and the meaning of "material" are defined the same.

Providing clarity on the treatment of supplementary notifications on a category 2 announcement, where no shareholders' approval is required.

Consistency in application.

16 Category 2 requirements: Beneficial Ownership

The information to be announced refers to the vendor and beneficial owner.

The Requirements apply to an issuer, its directors and offers, agents and employees. The JSE not the issuer does not have the regulatory reach for a third party to demand that beneficial ownership be disclosed.

Issuers and sponsors are required to assess beneficial ownership for related party assessments.

The JSE will clarify the approach to beneficial ownership disclosure that it is only required to be disclosed if it is known to the issuer and with the consent of that party.

The JSE reviewed the listings requirements of the Singapore Stock Exchange, Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange, and there is no obligation of beneficial ownership disclosure but merely the transacting parties.

17 Category 1 requirements: Property

A provision has been incorporated dealing with information involving immovable

Clarity on the preparation of a valuation report for purposes of a category 1 a transaction.

	freehold or leasehold property: "a valuation report must be prepared in terms of 13.16 on properties where they represent 50% or more of total asset value measured against the statement of financial position of the subject matter for the category 1 transaction, unless 13.15 applies"	
18	Appendix to Section 9 Contents of Category 1 circular	Adequate disclosure is being provided on the subject to a category 1 transaction. Further, the JSE has no regulatory reach to the vendor to require that disclosure.
	The JSE is proposing to remove the disclosure of vendors on the subject of a category 1 transaction.	

~END~