Amendment Schedule Auditor Accreditation JSE Listings Requirements June 2023

Definitions

specialist

audit firm the partnership or incorporated company registered with the

IRBA, or a similar regulatory or professional body for auditors in another jurisdiction, and accredited as such on the JSE list of

Auditors and their advisers

auditor includes the audit firm and the individual auditor assigned

and/or appointed to perform a statutory audit (or a review as

required by paragraph 3.18) of an applicant issuer

IFRS adviser an individual or group of individual(s) registered as such on the

JSE list of Auditors and their advisers

individual auditor an individual registered with the IRBA or similar regulatory or

> professional body for auditors in another jurisdiction, who is a director or partner of an audit firm, and is accredited as such on

the JSE list of Auditors and their advisers

an audit firm, registered with the IRBA and accredited as an reporting accountant_

audit firm and a reporting accountant on the JSE list of Auditors and their advisers and the individual accredited partner, responsible for preparing the work and issuing the reporting accountant's report, as described in paragraph 8.45 of the

Listings Requirements

reporting accountant an individual, registered with the IRBA or similar regulatory or

professional body for auditors in another jurisdiction, who is an employee, director or partner of the audit firm appointed to the issuer, and has the experience described in paragraph 3.89 of the Listings Requirements an individual registered with the IRBA, who is an employee, director or partner of that audit firm, and

is registered as such on the JSE list of Auditors and their advisers. A reporting accountant specialist must also be accredited as an individual auditor for that audit firm on the JSE

list of Auditors and their advisers

Section 1: Authority of the JSE

General powers of the JSE

- 1.1 Subject to the provisions of the FMA, the JSE has the power:
 - (a) ..
 - (g) to prescribe, from time to time, the Listings Requirements with which sponsors, designated advisers, auditors, IFRS advisers, reporting accountants, reporting accountant specialists and depositories must comply.
- If an applicant issuer, director, sponsor, designated adviser, auditor, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant, reporting accountant specialist and/or depository, in respect of whom a decision (other than a decision in respect of which a specific appeal or review procedure is prescribed in these Listings Requirements, the Rules of the JSE and the FMA or any replacement legislation) is taken under these Listings Requirements, objects to such decision, such person must notify the JSE in writing within 48 hours of the decision, giving reasons for such objection. In such event the JSE shall consider the objection and shall be entitled, in its sole discretion, to consult with not less than three independent members of the Issuer Regulation Advisory Committee. After taking into account the views of those independent members, the JSE shall be entitled to reconsider and change its decision. A decision of the JSE made after following this procedure will be final.

Publication

- 1.28 Without derogating from any other powers of publication referred to in these Listings Requirements, the JSE may, in its absolute discretion and in such manner as it may deem fit, state or announce that it has:
 - (a) investigated dealings in a listed security;
 - (b) censured an applicant issuer;
 - (c) censured an applicant issuer's director(s);
 - (d) suspended the listing of any security;
 - (e) removed the listing of any security;
 - (f) imposed a fine on an applicant issuer;
 - (g) imposed a fine on an applicant issuer's director(s); and/or
 - (h) advised that, in its opinion, the retention of office as a director of any applicant issuer's director(s), who shall be named, is prejudicial to the interests of investors;
 - (i) terminated the accreditation of and removed an auditor, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist from the JSE list of Auditors and their advisers.
- 1.29
- 1.30 No applicant issuer or its directors, officers or holders of securities, including nominees or

an auditor, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant, reporting accountant specialist and/or depository shall have any cause of action against the JSE, or against any person employed by the JSE, for damages arising out of any statement or announcement made in terms of paragraph 1.28, unless such publication was made either grossly negligently or with wilful intent.

Section 2: Sponsors

Responsibilities of a sponsor

Nature of responsibilities

- 2.9 A sponsor, or in the case of more than one sponsor, the lead sponsor (as contemplated in paragraphs 2.5 and 2.6) must:
 - (a) ...
 - (f) satisfy itself as to the credentials of the reporting accountants, auditors, competent persons, valuers, providers of fairness opinions, and any other party deemed necessary by the JSE;

Section 3: Continuing Obligations

Notification Notifications in respect of change in the auditor

- 3.75 An issuer must notify the JSE of:
 - (a) the termination/non-reappointment or the appointment of the auditor;
 - (b) the termination, non-reappointment or resignation of the auditor; and/or
 - (c) any change of the individual auditor-classified as the designated auditor,

without delay, and by no later than the end of the two business daydays following the decision by the issuer to terminate, not reappoint or appoint the auditor or after receipt of the auditor's resignation. date of such event. The notification must state the effective date, if it is not with immediate effect.

- 3.76 The notification required by paragraph 3.75 must state the effective date of the termination or resignation, if it is not with immediate effect.
- 3.7<u>67</u> The notification required by paragraph 3.75<u>(b)</u> must be accompanied by a letter from the auditor which stating the date of termination, what the auditor believes to be includes:
 - (a) the reason for such termination or,/s; and
 - (b) confirmation of any matters of non-compliance with laws and regulations regarding the issuer that were reported by the auditor to an appropriate authority in the last 12 months. This includes any reportable irregularities regarding the issuer reported by the auditor to its regulator in the case of resignation, the reason(s) for such resignation past 12 months.
- 3.7877 On notification to the JSE pursuant to paragraph 3.75, the issuer must publish an announcement on the change in audit firm, addressing at least the following:
 - (a) whether the change of audit firm was initiated by the issuer or the audit firm;
 - (b) the reason(s) for the change in audit firm;
 - (c) the effective date of the change of audit firm; and
 - (d) the name of the newly appointed audit firm (if a decision has not yet been made on the appointment of a new audit firm this fact must be disclosed).
- 3.79 The annual financial statements for the year end in which the termination or resignation took place must state that the auditor appointment was terminated or that the auditor resigned and the reason(s) therefore.

Note: Section 3 to be renumbered as required.

Corporate Governance

3.84 In addition to complying with paragraph 8.63(a), issuers must implement the following specific corporate governance practices and must disclose compliance therewith in their annual reports. (The effect of incorporating certain practices from the King Code in the Listings Requirements is to make their implementation mandatory, this is notwithstanding the fact that application of the corporate governance practices in the King Code is generally voluntary):

- (a) ...
- (g) the audit committee must, notwithstanding its duties pursuant to Section 94 of the Companies Act:
 - (i) consider, on an annual basis, and satisfy itself of the appropriateness of the expertise and experience of the financial director;
 - (ii) ensure that the issuer has established appropriate financial reporting procedures and that those procedures are operating, which should include consideration of all entities included in the consolidated group IFRS financial statements, to ensure that it has access to all the financial information of the issuer to allow the issuer to effectively prepare and report on the financial statements of the issuer;
 - (iii) request from consider, the audit firm (and if necessary consult with the audit firm on) the following information provided by the audit firm and individual auditor, detailed in paragraph 22.15(h) in their in the assessment of the suitability for of appointment or reappointment of their current or a prospective audit firm and designated individual partner both when they are appointed for of the auditor:
 - the first time and thereafter annually for every re-latest inspection results (including related remedial action plan) of an inspection performed by its regulator. The audit committee may accept reports with the identity of specific entities redacted provided that such redaction does not limit the understanding of their content;
 - (bb) any new inspection result of an inspection performed by its regulator, between the date of appointment as well as for an applicant issuer prior of the auditor and the date of signature of the audit report on the annual financial statements;
 - (cc) a summary, of the ongoing communication related to listingmonitoring and remediation referred to in paragraph 46 of International Standard on Quality Management 1 (ISQM 1); and
 - (dd) a summary of any legal or disciplinary proceedings completed or pending, as determined by the audit firm's head of risk (or a similar senior person within the firm tasked with the responsibility of risk management) within the past five years. Legal or disciplinary proceedings include those instituted through any legislation or by any regulatory/professional body; and
 - (iv) notwithstanding the provisions of Section 90(6) of the Companies Act, ensure that the appointment of the auditor is presented and included as a resolution at the annual general meeting of the issuer pursuant to Section 61(8) of the Companies Act;

The issuer must confirm, by reporting to shareholders in its annual report, that the audit committee has executed the responsibilities set out in 3.84(g) above.

Appointment of auditors and reporting accountant specialists

3.86 An applicant issuer may only appoint as its auditor and reporting accountant an audit firm and reporting accountant who is accredited as such on the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting Specialists, and an individual auditor who does not appear on the JSE list of disqualified individual auditors, as set out in Section 22. This requirement must be considered by the audit committee when recommending an auditor for appointment or reappointment at the annual general meeting as well for an applicant issuer prior to the

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- 3.87 Within 90 days of receiving notification that their audit firm has been removed from the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting Specialists, or their individual auditor being included on the JSE list of disqualified individual auditors, an applicant issuer must replace its auditor with an audit firm who is accredited or an individual auditor who is not disqualified. This change should be made before the auditor signs the next audit report. In the event that the applicant issuer receives notification after the auditor has commenced their assurance engagement audit, in such circumstances, it may not be possible for the issuer to appoint a new audit firm within the prescribed period. The applicant issuer must then approach the JSE who, at their discretion, may waive paragraph 3.86 above, for that specific assurance engagement. If such dispensation is granted the applicant issuer must caution shareholders as to the status of its audit firm. This warning must appear whenever reference is made to the auditors report in an announcement or in the financial statements themselves.
- 3.883.86 An applicant issuer must appoint an auditor and must ensure that the terms of the engagement include the following:
 - (a) a requirement for the auditor to notify the issuer within 24 hours where the auditor has been prohibited from signing the audit report or is no longer registered with its regulator; and
 - (b) that the auditor is obliged to inform the JSE and the audit committee of the applicant issuer, where the applicant issuer misrepresents the content of the auditor's report as it relates to that applicant issuer (for example by indicating that the auditor's opinion is unqualified when there is a modification of the auditor's opinion or by indicating that there are no issues when in fact there is a modified auditor's report) or by indicating that the financial information has been audited or reviewed when this is not the case. Such notification must be made by the auditor by no later than 24 hours of the date the auditor became aware of the matter. [Copied substantially from paragraph 22.16(b)]
- 3.87 The following applies to the appointment of the auditor:
- (a) the applicant issuer must appoint an auditor who is registered with its regulator in the country of incorporation of the applicant issuer, such appointment must be made in accordance with the laws of incorporation/ company laws of the applicant issuer;
 - (b) the audit firm must at all times have at least three individual auditors who are registered as assurance individual registered auditors with their regulator [Copied substantially from paragraph 22.4(a)];
 - (c) the audit firm must have had a firm-wide independent quality management inspection on the audit firm by its regulator either in its regulator's current inspection cycle or a prior inspection cycle [Copied substantially from paragraph 22.4(c)];
 - (d) the auditor must have demonstrated to the issuer that it has the necessary resources to carry out the relevant engagement, as required in the "auditing pronouncements" defined in Section 1 of the Auditing Profession Act, which includes paragraph 30 of ISOM 1; and
- (e) the auditor must not be prohibited by its regulator from performing the relevant assurance engagement.
- 3.88 The individual auditor appointed to sign the assurance engagement report/s in paragraph 8.45, must have the experience described in paragraph 3.90. If not, the issuer must also appoint a reporting accountant specialist.
- 3.89 The role of the auditor and/or the reporting accountant specialist with respect to the

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assurance engagement report includes ensuring that the following functions are fulfilled (to the extent applicable):
(a) appropriate advice was provided to the applicant issuer and, if applicable, to the auditor on the application of the financial information requirements detailed in the Listings Requirements:
(i) before any circular was submitted to the JSE for informal comment, ensuring

that such advice was been applied in the circular submitted and to confirm this in writing to the JSE;

(ii) when the applicant issuer includes pro forma financial information in any of the periodic financial information referred to in section 3; and

(b) in the instances of a circular to perform a quality review function on the work performed to support the auditor's report, to ensure compliance with the Listings Requirements (in which case it must submit a letter to the JSE confirming that it has fulfilled this role).

[Copied substantially from paragraph 22.18];

- 3.90 The minimum experience required by either the auditor or reporting accountant specialist to fulfil the functions described in paragraph 3.88 above are as follows:
 - (a) the individual must have completed an assurance engagement described in paragraph 8.45 of the Listings Requirements within the last 12 months of the date of the current assurance engagement; or
 - (b) the individual must have attended the JSE approved training for reporting accountant specialists, as approved by the JSE from time to time (and passed an examination evidencing this), within the last 12 months of the date of the current assurance engagement.
- 3.91 Where an auditor has been appointed but is subsequently prohibited from signing the audit report, or is no longer registered with its regulator, the auditor must be replaced within the period specified in the Companies Act (or equivalent legislation applicable to the issuer) or before the next audit report is signed, whichever is earlier.
- 3.90 Subject to the provisions of the Act and the MOI of the applicant issuer and its subsidiaries, subsidiaries of <u>an</u> applicant issuer are not required to be audited.
- 3.8991 The requirements in paragraphs 3.86 to and 3.87 with regard to the auditor and reporting accountant 901 apply equally to those foreign registered entities with a primary listing on the JSE.

Note: Section 3 to be renumbered as required.

Section 4: Conditions of Listing

Financial information

- 4.13 The following requirements relate to the preparation and disclosure of financial information:
 - (a) the applicant must comply with Section 8 where applicable and its financial statements must have been reported on by the auditor and reporting accountant without qualification, disclaimer, adverse audit opinion, the inclusion of a paragraph on material uncertainty relating to going concern or reference to an emphasis of matter;
 - (b) an issuer must publish audited annual financial statements for its financial year, as specified in the prospectus/pre-listing statement, irrespective of the fact that the company may have subsequently changed its year-end; and
 - (c) the applicant must appoint an auditor and/or reporting accountant in terms of the requirements in paragraphs 3.84 and 3.86 and Section 22to 3.90.

The Venture Capital Market ("VCM")

4.29 The following general requirements apply to securities of an applicant on the VCM:

Acquisitions and disposals

(a) ...

General

- (b) the following are the general requirements for companies listed on the VCM:
 - (i) when applying for a listing of securities on the VCM it is mandatory for the company to appoint a sponsor. In addition, other advisers such as reporting accountantsauditors, attorneys and merchant bankers may, at the sole discretion of the JSE, be considered necessary and if so, will also have to be appointed; and

The Development Capital Market ("DCM")

4.30 The following general requirements apply to the securities of an applicant on the DCM:

Acquisitions and disposals

(a) ...

General

- (b) the following are the general requirements for companies listed on the DCM:
 - (i) when applying for a listing of securities on the DCM it is mandatory for the company to appoint a sponsor. In addition, other advisers such as reporting accountants auditors, attorneys and merchant bankers may, at the sole discretion of the JSE, be considered necessary and if so, will also have to be appointed; and

Section 4: Pre-Listing Statements

Form and content

6.6 Pre-listing statements must cor

- (a) ...
- (b)
- 6.7 ..
- 6.8 There is no prescribed format for pre-listing statements, except that:
 - (a) ...
 - (b) in the case of pre-listing statements to be published by a new applicant, the following information must appear on the cover page, together with the names of, where applicable, the issuer, sponsor, investment/merchant bank, auditors, reporting accountants, financial advisers, attorneys and any other specialist adviser:

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Section 7: Listing Particulars

7.E Financial information

The following paragraphs detail the disclosure requirements relating to financial information:

Accountant's reports

- 7.E.1 The relevant <u>accountant's auditor's</u> report, as described in paragraph 8.45, on the applicant.
- 7.E.2 If applicable, an accountant's auditor's report, as described in paragraph 8.45, on the asset the subject of the transaction.

Section 8: Financial Information

Unadjusted information

8.29	The unadjusted information	n of the	e subject	matter	of the	e acquisition	or	disposal	is	to	be
	derived from the:										

- (a) ...
- (b) ...
- (c) unpublished management accounts provided that:
 - (i) ...
 - (ii) ...
 - (iii) in the case of a circular to shareholders for an acquisition where the circular either includes those management accounts and/or uses them for the purposes of the pro forma financial effects, a reporting accountant's the auditor's review or audit opinion (whichever is applicable) must be obtained on those management accounts.

Profit forecasts and estimates

- 8.40 In the event of an applicant issuer publishing a specific or general profit forecast or estimate in an announcement, it must either:
 - (a) produce and submit to the JSE a profit forecast or estimate and auditor's report/reporting accountant's report thereon in accordance with:
 - (i) ...
 - (ii) ...
- 8.41 The JSE reserves the right to insist on sign-off by the auditor/reporting accountant in accordance with paragraph 8.40(a), where it believes that it would be in the interests of securities holders.
- 8.43 A profit forecast or estimate included in a prospectus/pre-listing statement or circular to shareholders must be prepared in accordance with IFRS for that forecast period, must be reported on by a reporting accountant in accordance with paragraph 8.40(a)(i)

or (ii) and must include a statement of the principal assumptions for each factor that would have a material effect on the achievement of the forecast or estimate. These assumptions must:

(a) ...

Reporting accountant's Other engagement reports required by the JSE from time to time report

Circumstances when a reporting accountant's report is required

- 8.45 A reporting accountant's An auditor's report, signed off by an independent reporting accountant, the auditor appointed in terms of paragraph 3.88, is required when:
 - (a) a report of historical financial information is required in terms of paragraph 8.2;
 - (b) a report of historical financial information is prepared and presented on a voluntary basis (except when it relates to previously published information of the applicant issuer);
 - (c) pro forma financial effects or pro forma financial statements are prepared (except when that pro forma information only appears in an announcement);
 - (d) profit forecasts/estimates are prepared (except where these are prepared in terms of paragraph 8.40 and the JSE has not exercised its powers as set out in paragraph 8.41); and
 - (e) it is required by paragraph 13.15.

The reporting accountant auditor

- 8.46 The reporting accountant to report on the information set out in paragraph 8.45, or in any other instance where the JSE requires a report to be presented in a JSE circular, must be accredited as a reporting accountant on the JSE list of Auditors and their advisers and must be independent (applying similar independence criteria normally applicable to auditors).
- 8.47 The reporting accountantauditor shall conduct the engagement in accordance with the relevant standards issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) and relevant guidance issued by SAICA and/or the IRBA. The IAASB standards include: International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), International Standards on Review Engagements (ISREs), International Standards on Assurance Engagements (ISAEs) and International Standards on Related Services (ISRSs).
- 8.48 The reporting accountantauditor is to provide assurance on the following reports:
 - (a) a report of historical information by way of:
 - (i) an audit opinion on financial information relating to the financial year immediately preceding the issue of the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular; and/or
 - (ii) either an audit opinion or a review conclusion on financial information relating

to the financial years prior to the financial year immediately preceding the issue of the prospectus or circular; and/or

- (iii) a review conclusion on interim financial information;
- (b) ...

Contents of a reporting accountant's the auditor's report

- 8.51 An reporting accountant's auditor's report as set out in paragraph 8.48, based on work performed in accordance with the relevant standards issued by the IAASB, as set out in paragraph 8.47, should be addressed to the directors of the applicant, in the case of an application for listing of new securities, or the listed company, in the case of an acquisition or disposal, and each report must include the following basic elements, ordinarily in the following layout:
 - (a) ...

;

- (e) the reporting accountant's auditor's responsibilities;
- (f) scope paragraphs, describing the nature of the work undertaken, with:
 - (i) ...
 - (vii) a description of the work the reporting accountant auditor has performed;
- (g) an opinion paragraph containing an expression of opinion (in the case of an audit or assurance engagement), or a conclusion paragraph containing an expression of the reporting accountant's auditor's conclusion (in the case of other assurance engagements conducted in accordance with ISAEs);
- (h) the reporting accountant's auditor's name (both the audit firm and the partner signing the opinion), address and signature; and
- (i) the date on which the reporting accountant's auditor's report is signed.

Date of reports

8.52 The reporting accountant's auditor's report(s) should be dated on the same day that the directors authorise the issue of the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular/announcement for formal submission to the JSE.

Review of prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular

8.53 The reporting accountantauditor should review the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular to ensure that the contents thereof are not contradictory with the information contained in the report of historical financial information. The reporting accountantauditor must inform the JSE, in writing, of its consent for inclusion and of any such contradictions. The consent letter should be dated on the same day that the directors authorise the issue of the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular for formal submission to the JSE.

Consent letters

8.54 The reporting accountantauditor should submit a letter to the directors giving his consent to the inclusion of:

- (a) the <u>reporting accountant's auditor's</u> report(s) in the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular; and
- (b) references to, or extracts from, the reporting accountant's auditor's report(s) included in the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular.
- 8.55 A statement is to be included in the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular that the reporting accountantauditor has given and has not withdrawn its written consent to the issue of the prospectus/pre-listing statement/circular, containing the reporting accountant'sauditor's report in the form and context in which it appears.

Confirmations by the auditor or reporting accountant specialist

- 8.56 The <u>auditor or reporting accountant specialist (whichever is applicable)</u> must <u>as referred to in paragraph 3.89 provide the following confirmations to the JSE in writing:</u>
 - (a) on the first submission of a document, confirm to the JSE that it has provided the necessary advice on the applicable Listings Requirements and has ensured that his advice has been applied the confirmation described in paragraph 3.89(a)(i); and
 - (b) the confirmation (dated the same date as the auditor's report) described in paragraph 3.89(b).in instances where he does not sign off on the reporting accountant's report itself, on the formal submission, provide the JSE with a letter (dated the same date as the reporting accountant's report) confirming that he has performed a review of the work performed by the reporting accountant and is satisfied that the Listings Requirements have been complied with.

Minimum contents of annual financial statements

8.64 The issuer's auditor shall modify the audit report as considered appropriate in cases of non-compliance with any of the requirements set out in paragraph 8.63(b) to (k), (m)-(p).

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Section 11: Circulars, Pre-listing Statements/Prospectuses and Announcements

Appendix 2 to Section 11

Information to be included in summary circulars

The following information must be contained in the summary circular in respect of circulars dispatched pursuant to the Listings Requirements:

...
...
...

1.

- 5. ...
- 6. ...
- 7. The report of historical financial information, profit forecast and pro forma financial information, including the reporting accountants' auditor's report thereon.

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Section 13: Property Entities

Criteria for listing

- 13.3 A property entity seeking a listing, must comply ... the following:
 - (a) subject to (b) below, the profit forecast, prepared in terms of paragraphs 13.12 to 13.14, as supported by the special property forecast reporting accountant's auditor's report (prepared in terms of paragraph 13.15), must indicate that there will be a forecast profit before taxation of R15 million, based on contracted rental revenue only, after taking account of headline earnings adjustments on a pre-tax basis and before any distributions to securities holders/CISIP investors;
 - (b) ...

Transaction announcements

announcement of a transaction by a property entity must comply with the following:	
(a)	

(b) A property entity is exempt from the requirements (in terms of Sections 9 or 10) of paragraph 9.15(e), provided that it has prepared a forecast statement of comprehensive income in compliance with paragraphs 13.12 to 13.15. In the relevant announcement, the property entity must:

In addition to complying with the requirements set out in Sections 9 and 10, the

- (i) ...
- (ii) ...
- (iii) include a statement that the forecast financial information has not been reviewed or reported on by the a reporting accountant in terms of Section 8 of the Listings Requirements.
- 13.15 A special property forecast reporting accountant's auditor's report on the forecast statement of comprehensive income detailed in paragraphs 13.12 to 13.14:
 - (a) must be prepared by the reporting accountant auditor appointed in terms of paragraph 3.87(c)8.46 other than;
 - (i) ...
 - (ii) ...
 - (b) this reporting accountantauditor must, inter alia, perform the procedures below in preparing such report, inter alia:
 - (i) ...

- (ii) ...
- (iii) ...
- (iv) ...

Pro forma statement of financial position

- 13.16 Pro forma financial information prepared in terms of paragraphs 13.4 and 13.7, must be prepared on the following basis:
 - (a) ...
 - (b) ...
 - (c) ..
 - (d) ..
 - (e) the reporting accountantauditor must issue a review conclusion regarding the assets and/or liabilities being acquired, as reflected in the adjustment column of the pro forma statement of financial position. The review engagement must be performed in terms of the IRBA guide entitled Reporting Responsibilities of the Reporting Accountant relating to Property Entities in terms of the JSE Listings Requirements and the review conclusion must indicate that the reporting accountantauditor has no reason to believe the assets and liabilities are not prepared, in all material respects in accordance with the accounting policies adopted by the issuer and the recognition and measurement criteria of IFRS and includes the relevant IFRS disclosures; and
 - (f) the reporting accountant's auditor's report on the historical financial information and pro forma financial information, must be prepared in compliance with the requirements of paragraphs 8.48 to 8.56.

Section 16: Documents to be Submitted to the JSE

Checklists

All submissions must be accompanied by the relevant corporate actions checklist (available on the JSE website) duly completed by the sponsor indicating clearly where the specific paragraph numbers of the Listings Requirements have been complied with. Any checklist dealing with Section 8 must be completed by the reporting accounting specialistauditor appointed in terms of paragraph 3.88 and be reviewed by the sponsor. All submissions subsequent to the first submission must be marked up to reflect changes from the previous submission. Documentation must be submitted electronically and directly to the information database maintained by the Issuer Regulation Division.

Part I documents

- 16.10 The following documents are classified as Part I documents and must be submitted to the JSE before formal approval will be granted:
 - (a) ..
 - (e) if the pre-listing statement/prospectus contains an reporting accountant's auditor's report(s), a statement from the accountant auditor that the contents of the pre-listing statement/prospectus are not contradictory to the information contained in the reporting accountant's report(s);
 - (f) ...

Offers for sale and subscription

- 16.14 The following information is required to be submitted to and approved by the JSE before listing/transaction approval will be granted:
 - (a) the circular or pre-listing statement/prospectus;
 - a certified copy of the signed reporting accountant's auditor's report(s) and relevant consent letters;
 - (c) ...

Section 17 **Listing and other Fees**

Scope of section

This section sets out the listing and other fees that are to be paid by listed companies, applicants applying for a listing of securities, sponsors, auditors and the auditors' advisers.

- 17.1 The JSE charges certain fees relating to the following:
 - (a) listing fees;
 - (b) annual listing fees;
 - (c) documentation fees;
 - (d) ruling fees; and
 - (e) sponsor fees; and.
 - (f) fees applicable to auditors and their advisors -.

Details of these fees, the bases for calculating them and when they are payable are published on the JSE's website "www.jse.co.za".

Section 19: Specialist Securities

Continuing obligations

- 19.20 An issuer is required to comply with the following continuing obligations once its securities have been listed:
 - (i) the applicant issuer is required to comply with Section 3, subject to the following exclusions:

Paragraph

- 3.4(b) Trading Statements
- 3.15 to 3.22 Interim, quarterly and provisional reports
- 3.26 Cash Companies
- 3.28 Voting rights
- 3.29 to 3.31 Pre-emptive rights
- 3.32 and 3.33 Waiver of pre-emptive rights
- 3.34 Profit warranties
- 3.35 and 3.36 Issues by subsidiaries other than on listing
- 3.37 Shareholder spread
- 3.43 Notification
- 3.46 Press announcements
- 3.75 to 3.79 Notification of change in auditor
- 3.84(a) Corporate Governance
- 3.84(c) to (j) Corporate Governance
- 3.86 to 3.9289 Appointment of auditors and reporting accountant specialists

Section 22

Accreditation of Audit Firms, Reporting Accountants, Reporting Accountant Specialists and IFRS Advisers to provide accounting and/or advisory services to applicant issuers

Scope of section

The requirements relating to an accreditation mechanism for audit firms, individual auditors (collectively referred to as "auditors") reporting accountants, reporting accountant specialists and IFRS Advisers (collective referred to as "accounting specialists") are essential to ensure that the JSE is able to effectively fulfil its regulatory duties and responsibilities in respect of its regulation of issuers listed on the JSE.

It is of critical importance that these parties fulfil their duties in accordance with the applicable professional and industry standards as well as the Listings Requirements. It is essential that auditors and accounting specialists assist the JSE in upholding the integrity of the markets in listed securities that it operates.

This section sets out the requirements to ensure that any audit firm, individual auditor, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist that intends to provide accounting and/or advisory services to an applicant issuers is acceptable to the JSE.

The main headings of this section are:

- 22.1 Accreditation
- 22.3 General eligibility criteria
- 22.4 Criteria applicable to the audit firm
- 22.5 Criteria applicable to IFRS advisers
- 22.8 Criteria applicable to reporting accountants and reporting accountant specialists
- 22.10 The application process
- 22.15 Roles and responsibilities
- 22.19 Designation
- 22.20 Status
- 22.21 Termination of accreditation

Appendix to Section 22

Accreditation

- 22.1 For the purposes of this section, the terms "applicant issuers" or "issuers" include the definition set out in both the JSE Limited Listings Requirements and the Debt Listings Requirements.
- 22.2 Only an audit firm or reporting accountant accredited by the JSE may act as such for any applicant issuer. Individual auditors and reporting accountant specialists may only act for an applicant issuer, and IFRS advisers may only act as such for any audit firm, if these parties meet the applicable requirements and are not disqualified to fulfil these duties, as stipulated in these requirements.

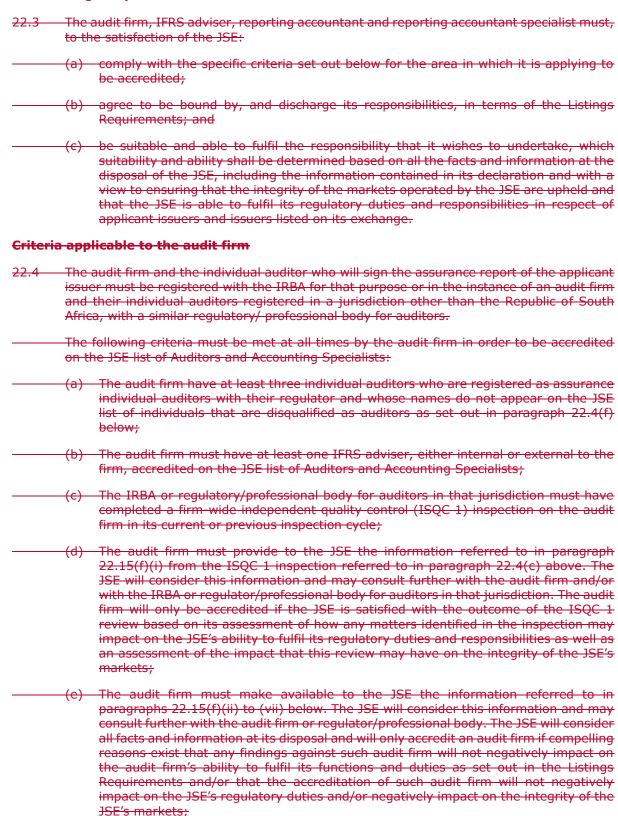
Eligibility Criteria

The eligibility criteria stipulated in the following sections 22.3 – 22.8 are there to ensure that an applicant issuer only appoints auditors and accounting specialists that meet the requirements stated

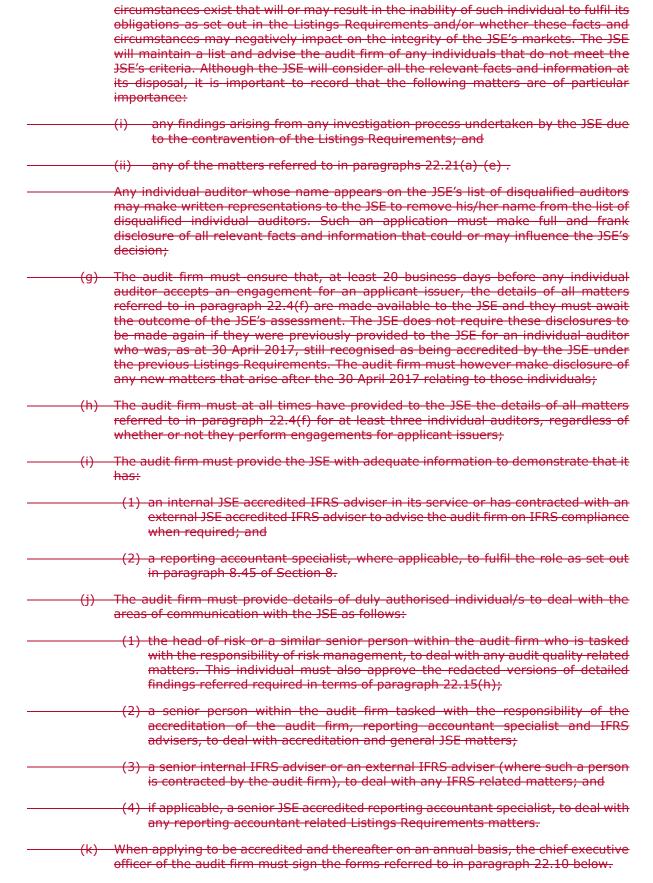
Section 22 replaced in its entirety with effect from 15 October 2017.

in these sections.

General eligibility criteria



The audit firm must not allow any individual auditor to perform any engagement for an applicant issuer if such individual is disqualified from acting as an auditor as provided for in this paragraph 22.4(f). The JSE will consider all relevant facts and information at its disposal, including, but not limited to whether facts and



Criteria applicable to IFRS advisers

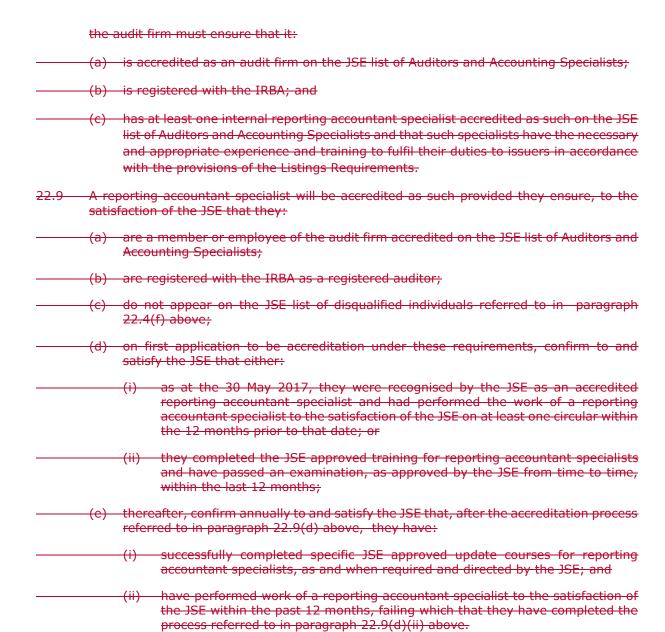
22.5 Persons wishing to be accredited as an IFRS adviser must confirm and provide the JSE with

adequate information to demonstrate that they: (a) have spent the following minimum required hours on performing practical and interpretive IFRS consulting over the past 12 months in order to have a comprehensive working knowledge of IFRS; the Financial Reporting Pronouncements issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council; and the SAICA Financial Reporting Guidelines issued by the Accounting Practises Committee: (i) at least 800 hours at an individual level; or if the individual is one of two individuals who work as part of an IFRS advisory group, at least 500 hours per individual in the group. In such an instance every individual must indicate that they have specialised in different standards in such a manner that would satisfy the JSE that the group's combined 1 000 hours' knowledge is at least equivalent to that of a single individual with 800 hours; have access to a network of other IFRS advisers to adequately assist and advise on IFRS matters; and are registered with the IRBA or are members in good standing of a professional body. That body must have a code of ethics and disciplinary rules, to which its members are subject, which it regulates. Time spent on any other financial reporting framework, including IFRS for SMEs, will not be considered in ascertaining whether this requirement has been met. The JSE may undertake an assessment of the applicant's IFRS work previously performed in order to satisfy itself as to the acceptability of the IFRS adviser. This assessment may be done in consultation with the FRIP. The IFRS consulting referred to in paragraph 22.5 above must include a combination of the following: (a) the review of financial statements before being issued to assess IFRS compliance; (b) advising internal or external clients on the interpretation and/or application of IFRS in so far as recognition, measurement and disclosure of transactions are concerned; providing practical training to internal or external clients on the application and interpretation of existing, revised and new IFRS; and (d) other practical matters insofar as IFRS is concerned. When applying to be accredited, the IFRS adviser must provide the JSE with a signed declaration, as set out in Schedule 2 Form E3, which deals with the relevant undertakings and information set out in the Appendix to Section 22 and must also: (a) provide the information as set out in this paragraph 22.7. This should be accompanied by a list of clients to whom IFRS consulting and training was provided and a summary of the relevant hours spent on each main category (as detailed in paragraph 22.6 above) and the specific accounting matters/IFRS standards covered; (b) not have been disqualified from registration by the IRBA or any other professional or regulatory body (alternatively full details must be provided); notify the JSE, within 5 working days, where an agreement between itself and a JSE accredited audit firm to act as external IFRS adviser has been entered into or terminated; and agree to provide information to the JSE and act as technical link between the JSE and the audit firm, individual auditor, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountants specialist in instances where the JSE requires interaction in relation to the IFRS reporting by an applicant issuer, and confirm that their contract with the audit

Criteria applicable to reporting accountants and reporting accountant specialists

firm/individual auditor allows them to fulfil this role.

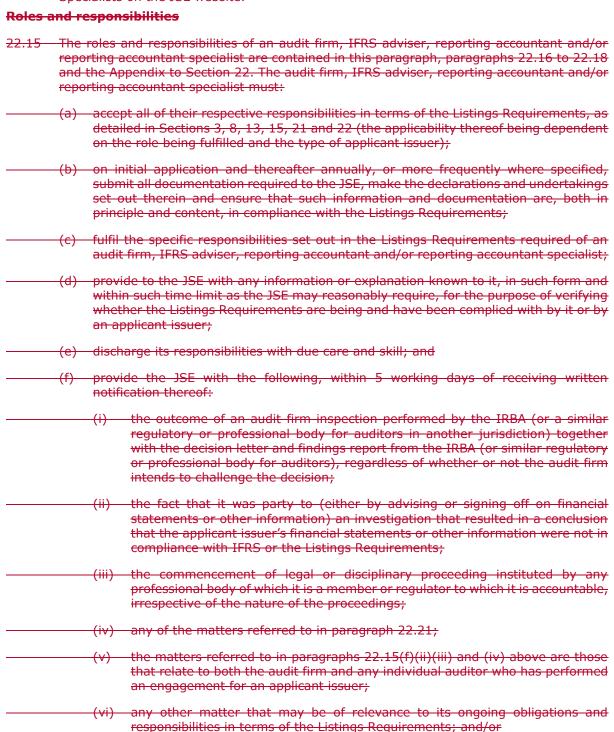
22.8 In order to qualify to perform the function of a reporting accountant on behalf of an issuer



The application process

- 22.10 On initial application and thereafter annually, for an audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist to be accredited by the JSE they must submit the following to the JSE:
 - (a) the relevant E form(s) as set out in Schedule 2 which deals with the relevant undertakings and information set out in the Appendix to Section 22;
 - (b) the required supporting documentation;
 - (c) for the audit firm, a list of the individual auditors per applicant issuer; and
 - (d) proof of payment of the relevant application fee.
- 22.11 The annual declarations are due for submission on 1 June each year. If annual declarations are not submitted to the JSE by 1 July of any year, the audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist failing to submit the relevant annual declaration will forthwith be removed from the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting Specialists until the outstanding declarations have been submitted. If the declarations have not been submitted by 1 December of any year, reapplication will be required.

- 22.12 The relevant initial application and annual fees, as determined by the JSE from time to time, are published and available on the JSE website, at www.ise.co.za, per Section 17.
- 22.13 If the annual fees payable are not paid by 1 August of any year, the name of the audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist will be removed from the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting specialists until the fees have been paid in full. If the fees have not been paid by 1 December of any year, reapplication will be required.
- 22.14 A public list of accredited audit firms, external IFRS advisers, reporting accountants and reporting accountant specialists will be published as the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting Specialists on the JSE website.



(vii) the outcome of any legal or disciplinary process instituted by the audit firm against an individual auditor (where that auditor has performed an engagement

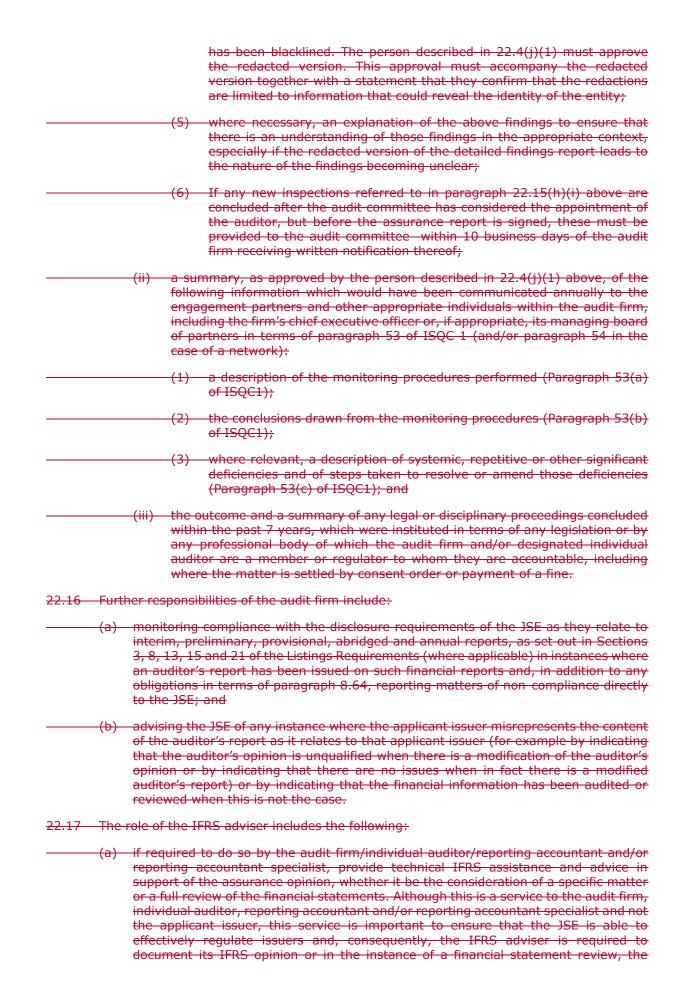
for an applicant issuer), IFRS adviser and/or reporting accountant specialist who is employed by or who is a partner of the audit firm in question; (g) notify the JSE of the following, within 48 hours from the date of: receiving notice of the termination or the appointment of the audit firm/ individual auditor; giving notice of resignation by the audit firm/ individual auditor; and/or the appointment of a new individual auditor (where the audit firm remains unchanged), except in the instance where that appointment is as a result of rotation of audits amongst individuals in terms of the Act, then the audit firm can send one notification of all such changes on the last day of every quarter commencing on 30 November 2017. The notification must include details of the reason for the termination or resignation, and must provide a confirmation of whether or not any reportable irregularities were reported to the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors in the past 12 months. For all such reportable irregularities reported, the confirmation must provide an indication of whether or not the auditor was able to send a second report to the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors as contemplated by Section 45(3)(c) of the Auditing Profession Act 26 of 2005 prior to any such termination or resignation. (h) As a minimum, provide to the audit committee of all applicant issuers who are their clients either annually or when requested to by the audit committee in terms of paragraph 3.84(g) (iii) (or paragraph 7.10(b) as it relates to the Debt Listings Requirements), whichever occurs first, and to any prospective new clients when tendering for such work; the following for the latest inspection performed by the IRBA (or the regulatory or professional body for auditors in the case of an auditor registered in a jurisdiction other than the Republic of South Africa): the decision letter, findings report and the proposed remedial action to address the findings, on the audit firm. In the instance of a reinspection/s, both the original and re-inspection/s decision letters, findings reports and remedial action plans must be provided. If the content of these letters and reports reveal the identity of specific entities, a redacted version of that information may be provided in terms of the process set out in 22.15(h)(4) below, and where applicable; the decision letter, detailed findings report and the proposed remedial action to address the findings, on the individual auditor where the engagement file subject to the inspection was for that specific applicant issuer or one of its subsidiaries; the decision letter for all other engagement file reviews on both the

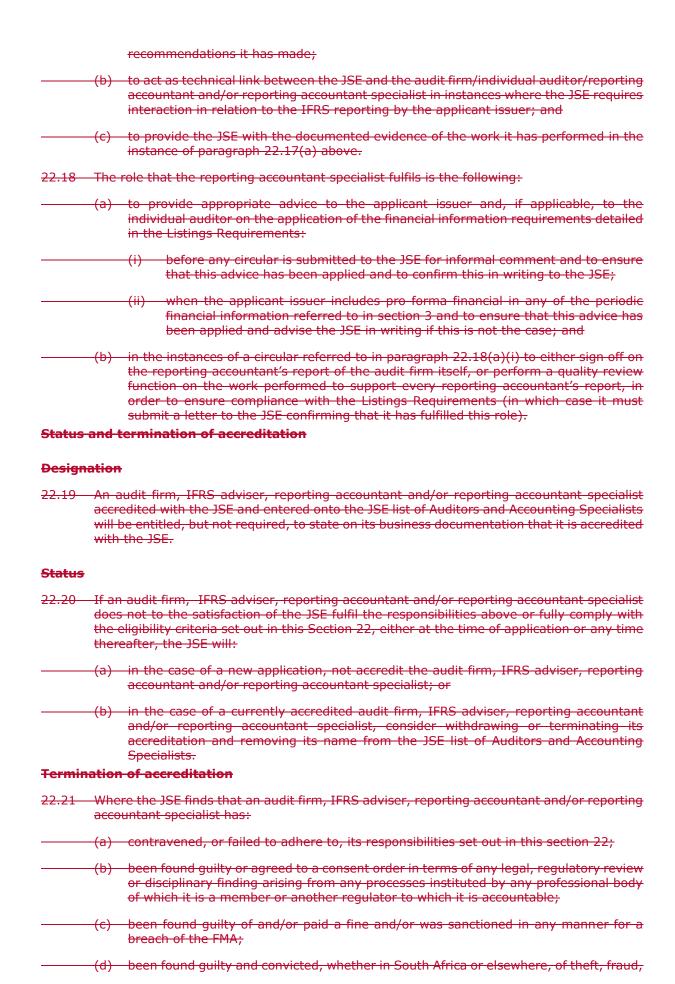
individual auditor who will be the applicant issuers designated individual auditor for the next audit and, if the audit firm remains unchanged, on

(4) for the engagements referred to in paragraph 22.15(h)(3) above, where the regulator has identified that a specific issue is unsatisfactory and that they will perform a re-inspection on an engagement file of that individual auditor due to that issue and/or have referred the matter for investigation, an appropriate redacted version of the detailed findings

the designated individual auditor for the past audit;

report and proposed remedial action plan. In the instance of a reinspection both the original and re-inspection decision letters and an appropriate redacted version of the detailed findings report and proposed remedial action plan must be provided. A redacted version is one where the name of the entity and any information that could reveal their identity





forgery, uttering a forged document, perjury, an offence under the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act (No. 12 of 2004), or any offence involving dishonesty; or

(e) had any legal or disciplinary findings ,including a consent order, payment of a fine or sanction, made against them in terms of any other legislation.

The JSE may:

- (i) refer the matter to the IRBA (or, if applicable, to a similar regulatory or professional body for auditors in a jurisdiction other than South Africa) or in the instance of an IFRS adviser refer the matter to the individual's professional body;
- (ii) advise the audit committee of the issuer; and/or
- (iii) terminate the accreditation of and remove the name of the audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist from the JSE list of Auditors and Accounting Specialists.
- 22.22 Implicit in the relationship between the JSE, issuers and an audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist and as a result of the functions of these parties, its duty to make full and frank disclosure to the JSE of any issues that may impact on its suitability to perform its responsibilities and discharge its obligations as set out in the Listings Requirements. Furthermore, it is incumbent on an audit firm, IFRS adviser, reporting accountant and/or reporting accountant specialist to, in the event of any potential contravention of their responsibilities set out in this section 22, the presence of any of the issues as set out in paragraphs 22.15(f) and 22.21 and/or any other factors that may impact on its ability to suitability perform its responsibilities, provide compelling reasons to prove to the satisfaction of the JSE that it is still competent and suitable to fulfil the responsibilities and obligations that it wishes to undertake.

Appendix to Section 22

Undertakings provided and information supplied in the declarations

Audit firms, IFRS advisers and reporting accountants specialist must make various undertakings and provide certain information both when making application to be accredited by the JSE and thereafter on an annual basis. The relevant E forms set out in Schedule 2 will apply to the party signing the declaration. The term individual used below includes the IFRS adviser and reporting accountant specialist. The list of undertakings and information required is set out below.

The audit firm and individual are required to confirm that they;

- (1) meet all the eligibility criteria applicable to an audit firm and/or individual and have provided the necessary supporting documentation set out in section 22;
- (2) the audit firm, are subjected to a firm-wide independent quality control (ISQC1) inspection performed by the authorised regulatory and/or professional body for auditors;
- (3) are in good standing with their regulatory and/or professional body;
- (4) confirm that neither they nor, in the instance of the audit firm, any of their accredited individuals or individual auditors who have signed assurance reports for applicant issuers have:
- at any time been removed from an office of trust because of misconduct related to a discharge of that office;
- been convicted, whether in the Republic of South Africa or elsewhere, of theft, fraud, forgery, uttering a forged document, perjury, or any offence involving dishonesty;
 - been found guilty of an offence under the FMA;
- been declared by a competent court to be of unsound mind or unable to manage their own affairs; or

- been provisionally sequestrated, entered into a compromise with creditors or been classified as an unrehabilitated insolvent.
- If a negative statement cannot be made, details must be provided;
- (5) the audit firm have adequate structures, policies, processes, training programmes and expertise in place in order to ensure a high level of competence and compliance with International Standards on Auditing, IFRS and the Listings Requirements and Debt Listings Requirements;
- (6) the audit firm, have established procedures and taken appropriate steps to ensure that:
- individual auditors, IFRS advisers and if applicable reporting accountant specialists
 are familiar with the specific audit and financial reporting requirements applicable to
 applicant issuers, as set out in the Listings Requirements and Debt Listings
 Requirements;
- its staff are kept up to date in all relevant areas of technical training in order to enable them to maintain the highest level of competence in performing the assurance work of an applicant issuer; and
- individual auditors are only assigned to issuers if they have the relevant experience, competency and capabilities for that specific issuer;
- (7) the individuals;
- have adequate experience, competency and capabilities in performing their work;
- are familiar with the specific audit and financial reporting requirements applicable to applicant issuers and their specific function; and
- have kept up to date in all relevant areas of technical training in order for them to maintain competence in performing their work;
- (8) the audit firm, have a JSE accredited IFRS adviser to review financial information of applicant issuers on which the audit firm expresses assurance opinions or provides reporting accountant's reports, and have consulted with them when deemed necessary;
- (9) the audit firm has a JSE accredited reporting accountant specialist who fulfils the role, as set out in paragraph 8.45 of Section 8, if applicable;
- (10) confirm that neither they nor, in the instance of the audit firm, any of their accredited individuals or individual auditors who have signed assurance reports for applicant issuers, were party to any of the matters set out in paragraphs 22.15(f), and 22.21 or, if so, to provide details to the JSE thereof and also undertake to notified the JSE, within the specified timeframes, of any of the matters set out in paragraphs 22.15(f) and 22.21 that arise in the future;
- (11) confirm that the information referred to in paragraph 22.15 (h) has been provided to the relevant audit committees;
- (12) are aware of and have considered the IFRS matters identified by the JSE proactive monitoring process and/or the FRIP, as set out on the JSE and SAICA websites;
- (13) are aware of and have considered IRBA and/or SAICA guidance applicable to reporting accountants and auditors of applicant issuers;
- (14) agree to discharge their responsibilities in terms of this section 22 and to thus assist the JSE in upholding the integrity of the markets operated by the JSE;
- (15) will not intentionally or recklessly bring the integrity of the markets operated by the JSE into disrepute; and
- (16) give the JSE permission to obtain and share information and consult with professional bodies to whom it belongs and regulators to whom it is accountable, in matters that are of relevance to the JSE.

Schedules

Schedule 2 Listing applications & other

The listing applications and other documents are available on the JSE website at www.jse.co.za.

Listing Applications: Form A

Form A1 – (a)	Application for a listing of securities resulting from rights offers, claw-back offers and renounceable offers
Form A1 – (b)	Application for a listing of securities resulting from non-renounceable rights offers
Form A2	Application for a listing of securities resulting from capitalisation issues or scrip dividends
Form A3	Application for a listing of securities resulting from acquisitions, amalgamations/mergers, take-overs, share incentive schemes and convertible securities
Form A4	Application for a listing of securities resulting from an issue for cash
Form A5	Application for the de-listing of shares arising out of a repurchase of shares
Form A6	Application for an increase in authorised share capital

<u>Independent Professional Expert: Form B</u>

Form B1	Expert's confirmation of independence
Form B2	Expert's confirmation of competency
Form B3	Declaration by the issuer

Independent Registered Valuer: Form C

Form C1	Appendix 13A
Form C2	Appendix 13B

Annual Compliance Certificates, Company Secretary Information & Sponsor Information: Form D

Form D1	Annual compliance certificate
Form D2	Company secretary information
Form D3	Sponsor annual compliance certificate
Form D4	Sponsor Application Form

Accreditation of auditors, reporting accountants and IFRS adviser: Form E

Form E1	Auditor application and annual declaration from for accreditation with the JSE (Audit Firm)
Form E2	Consideration for the JSE list of disqualified auditors (Individual Auditor)
Form E3	IFRS Adviser initial application and annual declaration form
Form E4	Reporting accountant specialist initial application and annual declaration form

Checklist for First Submission: Form F

Form F1	Checklist for First Submission
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Terms Sheets: Form G

Form G1	Accelerated specific issue for cash term sheet

Corporate Actions Timetables: Form H

	Form H	Corporate Action Timetable			
Appro	Approved Exchanges: Form I				
	Form I1	Approved Exchanges			
<u>Public</u>	Publication of iRPV or iNAV: Form J				
	Form J	Publication of iRPV or iNAV			
AMC Fact Sheet: Form K					
	Form K	AMC Fact Sheet			
AMETF Fact Sheet: Form L					
	Form L	AMETF Fact Sheet			

Schedule 5 Independent fairness opinions

5.12 Independence of professional experts:

- (a) Subject to paragraph 5.12(b), an independent professional expert deemed to be independent by the JSE for purposes of paragraph 5.1 above are:
 - (i) the auditors or reporting accountants of the issuer;
 - (ii) in respect of mineral companies, the competent person of the issuer; and
 - (iii) the sponsor of the issuer,

provided the expert,

- (i) for the past 18 months, has had no shareholding in the applicant issuer;
- (ii) for the past 18 months, has had no board representation on the applicant issuer;
- (iii) is not employed by the applicant issuer;
- (iv) has had no relationship with any party to the corporate action, other than the applicant issuer, (in a capacity as set out in paragraph 5.12(a) above); and
- (v) has no interest in the success of the corporate action other than its reasonable professional fee (with no success fee element) for acting as independent professional expert;

Schedule 16

This Schedule contains certain Listings Requirements applicable to sponsors (Part I) and VCC advisers (Part II) and should be read with Section 2.

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Eligibility criteria

16.5 The following criteria must be met by a sponsor in order to satisfy the JSE that it is competent to fulfil the role of sponsor:

(d) Independence

- a sponsor must provide an undertaking, in respect of matters mentioned in paragraph 2.4, that it will not act as a sponsor to any issuer to the extent that it is not independent;
- (ii) a sponsor must, in respect of the matters mentioned in paragraph 2.4, provide confirmation of its independence as sponsor by completing Schedule 17 and submitting same to the JSE.;
- (iii) the question of a sponsor's independence in respect of the matters mentioned in paragraph 2.3 and 2.4 must be determined according to the following requirements:
 - (1) a sponsor may not control, be controlled by, or be under the same control as an applicant issuer. For this purpose, control is as defined in the definitions section of the Listings Requirements;
 - (2) the above will not apply to investment entities where the sponsor's interest arises by virtue of the holdings of its non-managed discretionary clients;
 - (3) a normal business relationship between an applicant issuer and any company which is part of the sponsor's group will not usually prohibit a potential sponsor from acting. However, relationships that would give the sponsor's group an interest in the success of a listing, or other corporate action may result in the sponsor not being independent, and, in such instances, the JSE must be consulted;
 - (4) a sponsor may be the auditor and/or tax adviser and/or the reporting accountant to the applicant issuer, provided the JSE is satisfied that there is an adequate segregation of roles within the sponsor's group;
 - (5) any director or employee of the sponsor that has a significant interest in an issuer, being 3% or more for purposes of this requirement, or is material to the director or employee, must not be involved in advisory activities of the sponsor in relation to such applicant issuer;
 - (6) an investment in an issuer that is material to the sponsor will result in such sponsor not being regarded as independent of such issuer unless the JSE decides otherwise; and
 - (7) in any case of doubt, the JSE must be consulted;

Sponsor procedures manual

- 16.23 A sponsor must have a formal and written procedures manual in dealing with the following:
 - (a) ...
 - (h) satisfying itself on the credentials of the reporting accountant, auditor, competent person, valuer and expert of applicant issuers;

The following Guidance Letters will be removed:

Financial and audit related - Circulars

• Guidance Letter: Letter to sponsors/designated advisers

Date: 4 March 2010

• Guidance Letter: Letter to reporting accountant specialists

Date: 5 March 2010